



Annual Statements 2020 - 2021



University of St Mark & St John (a company limited by guarantee)

University of St Mark & St John

(a company limited by guarantee)

Report of the Members of the Board of Governors and Consolidated Financial Statements

> Registered Number: 07635609 For the year ended 31 July 2021

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Company Information

Status

The University of St Mark and St John is a company limited by guarantee (referred to in these financial statements as the University or company).

Group

The financial statements consolidate the results of the Company and its subsidiary, Marjon (South West) Limited.

Secretary

Mr Stephen Plant (January 2020 - present)

External Auditor

Bishop Fleming LLP Salt Quay House 4 North East Quay Sutton Harbour Plymouth PL4 0BN

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc Corporate Banking 3rd Floor, 3 Bedford Street Exeter Devon EX1 1LX

Insurers Zurich Municipal Zurich House 2 Gladiator Way Farnborough Hants GU14 6GB

Internal Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 2 Glass Wharf Bristol BS2 0FR

Solicitors

Womble Bond Dickinson Ballard House West Hoe Road Plymouth Devon PL1 3AE

Registered Office

University of St Mark & St John Derriford Road Plymouth Devon PL6 8BH

Members of the University Board of Governors and Senior Management Team

Membership of the Board of Governors during the year ended 31 July 2021, up until the date on which the Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Governors, 18 November 2021 is shown below. Governors are registered as Directors of the Company with Companies House and also perform the role of Trustee. Biographies and declared interests can be viewed on https://www.marjon.ac.uk/about-marjon/governance--management/

Governors	Category of Membership	Membership of Board Committees	Attendance~ Board (Committees)	Date Appointed	Current Term Due to End
Mr Graham Raikes MBE, Chair of Board	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Finance & Resources Committee; Governance & Nominations Committee; Remuneration Committee; People & Organisational Development Sub- Committee; Estates Project Group; Committee Chairs' Discussion Group; Nursing/Allied Health Advisory Group	6/6 (20/20)	01/11/2017	13/11/2024**
Dr Greg Borne	Senate Elected Academic Staff Governor	Estates Project Group	4/4 (1/1)	16/12/2020	15/12/2023
Mr Stephen Criddle OBE	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Audit Committee; Remuneration Committee	6/6 (9/9)	13/05/2020	12/05/2023
Mrs Kate Doodson	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Finance & Resources Committee; Estates Project Group	4/4 (6/8)	01/01/2020	01/01/2023
Miss Lauren Edwards	Elected Student Governor; Marjon Student Union President	Estates Project Group	6/6 (3/3)	01/07/2020	30/06/2022*
Mr Matt Evans	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Governance & Nominations Committee	6/6 (3/3)	01/12/2018	01/12/2024*
Mr Alex Hawtin	The National Society Nominated Independent Governor	Finance & Resources Committee; Remuneration Committee; Committee Chairs' Discussion Group	5/6 (4/7)	10/12/2018	9/12/2024*
Mrs Victoria Holbrook	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Audit Committee	6/6 (5/5)	01/09/2019	01/09/2022
Prof Patricia Hind	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Finance & Resources Committee; Remuneration Committee; People & Organisational Development Sub- Committee; Committee Chairs' Discussion Group	6/6 (12/12)		01/11/2023*
Mrs Jacynth Ivey MBE	The National Society Nominated Independent Governor	Nursing/Allied Health Advisory Group	3/6 (2/2)	10/01/2020	10/01/2023

Mrs Ruth Mounstephen	Diocesan Nominated Independent	People & Organisational Development Sub- Committee; Estates Project	4/6 (3/4)	06.03.2020	06.03.2023
Rev'd Preb Prof Gina Radford	Governor Diocesan Nominated Independent Governor	Group Audit Committee; Nursing/Allied Health Advisory Group	6/6 (5/7)	01.11.2019	01.11.2022
Mr John Searson	Diocesan Nominated Independent Governor	Governance & Nominations Committee; Estates Project Group; Committee Chairs' Discussion Group	6/6 (10/10)	01/04/2017	17/09/2023**
Prof Gary Shum	Elected Academic Staff Governor		6/6	01/11/2019	01/11/2022
Mrs Emma van der Lugt	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Audit Committee; Governance & Nominations Committee; Remuneration Committee; People & Organisational Development Sub-Committee; Committee Chairs' Discussion Group; Nursing/Allied Health Advisory Group	6/6	01/07/2016	13/11/2024**
Prof Rob Warner	Ex-Officio Governor, Vice Chancellor	Finance & Resources Committee; Estates Project Group; Governance & Nominations Committee; People & Organisational Development Sub- Committee; Nursing/Allied Health Advisory Group	6/6	01/03/2017	N/A
Mrs Jackie Westerman	Directly Appointed Independent Governor	Remuneration Committee; People & Organisational Development Sub- Committee	6/6	29/01/2021	28/01/2024
	se tenure ended du		A.(. 1		
Governors	Category of Membership	Membership of Board Committees	Attendance~ Board (Committees)	Date Appointed	Date Term Ended
Dr Susan Cooper	Senate Elected Academic Staff Governor	N/A	6/6	01/12/2017	30/09/2020
Mrs Lynn Tamsett- White	Elected Professional ServicesStaff Governor	N/A	6/6	01/09/2018	24/09/2021
Rt Rev'd Nick McKinnel	Diocesan Nominated Independent Governor	N/A	6/6	18/09/2015	24/09/2021*

*** indicates second term, aligned with date of Chair/Deputy Chair of Board tenure. Attendance from 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2021. Figures represent: actual attendance/total possible.
 *** Appointed 06.03.2020, registered Companies House 20.03.2020.

Co-optees

The following have served on the Board of Governors as co-opted members during this period:

Name	Role	Date Appointed	End of Current Term		
Mrs Vicky Hatton	Co-optee	03/02/2021	02/02/2024		
Co-optees whose tenure ended during this period					
Mrs Jackie Westerman	Co-optee	01/11/2019	28/01/2021		
Ms Lindsey Hall	Co-optee	01/12/2018	31/07/2021		
Prof Chris King, CBE	Co-optee	01/12/2018	31/07/2021		

Members of the Board

Appointments to the Board (process)

The Governance & Nominations Committee is responsible for identifying vacancies, interviewing potential governors and recommending appointments to the Board of Governors for approval. The process for appointing new governors is outlined in the process document available on the governance pages of the Plymouth Marjon University website. The CUC Higher Education Code of Governance, Charity Commission guidance and Nolan Committee Standards on Public Life are all considered as part of any appointments to the Board. Skills gaps, equality and diversity are also considerations, with a view to promoting the effectiveness of the governance of the University.

Members of the Senior Management Team

Members of the Senior Management in the year ending 31 July 2021 are outlined below.



Professor Rob Warner Vice-Chancellor & Chief Executive



Professor Michelle Jones Deputy Vice-Chancellor



Professor lan Luke Pro Vice-Chancellor Academic



Mrs Katy Willis Pro Vice-Chancellor Student Success



Mr Stephen Plant University Secretary & Registrar



Mrs Lucy Pengelly Director of People & Organisational Development





Mr Simon Arthurs

Mr John Bailey

Director of Campus

Development, Estate & Sustainability

Chief Operating Officer & Finance Director

Welcome by the Chair

2020 into 2021 continued with organisations and communities grappling to adjust to the global Coronavirus pandemic. Sectors and economies experienced hope when the vaccination programmes began and then experienced setbacks with circuit breaker close downs. Within this uncertainty the University remained steadfast in the core value of putting students first. Marjon continued to see success and once again performed outstandingly well in the academic and student rankings in particular scoring 5th in the UK for the way it responded to the pandemic.

The University's leadership, Governors, staff and students have responded positively and continued to adapt really driving home the sense of community. There is something very special about the way the University has assessed, planned and the delivered despite the backdrop of the pandemic.

The 2020/21 financial performance is a surplus despite some significant pension issues. The financial position continues to be managed, risks identified and scenarios considered. The budget set moving into 2021/22 continues to focus on prudence, diversification and COVID-19 recovery.

In 2020 the Board endorsed the Campus Development Plan following a year of extensive stakeholder engagement. In 2021 the first major piece of investment from Salix Finance enabled the University to accelerate the plans for Marjon Zero with £1.8m of Solar, LED lighting and a new building management system. Immediately on the back of this success further funding from Salix has enabled the University to begin work to install Ground Source Heat Pumps on a scale no other University will have seen, further reinforcing the University's green credentials.

The Board continues to focus on the key strategic direction with the Vice-Chancellor and the senior leadership team to drive the University forwards. We also continue to work with the Students' Union to ensure we provide the opportunity for students which they will have missed during the pandemic culminating this year in a double graduation to be proud of. The government edges ever closer to changes to the Higher Education Sector and yet the University continues to stride forwards with confidence and ambition resolute that our students really do matter and make a difference to the communities they go on to become a part of.

Graham Raikes MBE Chair of the Board of Governors



Welcome by Vice-Chancellor

We have come through a most extraordinary year, in which Covid and lockdowns were a continuous threat over the life of every University and indeed all of humankind. Our senior management team always considers students our top priority, and so it was with Covid. Having moved online in the first lockdown, our staff made strenuous efforts to put students first in our teaching, assessment, personal support and skills training. We devised a supportive approach for students who needed to self-isolate where their needs came first. We were absolutely firm in our resolve to continue to function as a community of mutual respect, and so neither national lockdowns nor the need for personal self-isolation were ever going to make the Marjon campus feel like a prisoner of war camp.

The dedication of our staff was duly rewarded in our quite remarkable national recognition.

Compared with all universities in England, *The Times and Sunday Times Good University Guide* the GUG scored us:

1st for teaching quality (4th in UK) 2nd for social inclusion (3rd in UK) 3rd for support during Covid (5th in UK) 5th for student experience (8th in UK) They also report from the NSS 1st in England for learning community

3rd in England for SU 3rd for learning opportunities

These are simply outstanding results, and everyone who works at Marjon can be very proud of all we are achieving. They are a tribute to our academics who made such strenuous efforts to teach our students as well as possible and to assess them as fairly as possible through the lockdowns. They are also a tribute to all our staff, in both student-facing teams and also in more back-office roles who at some moment have had a smile or a friendly and considerate word to keep our students going. The appreciation for our Student Union is a notable tribute to Lauren, who has now been re-elected for a very well-deserved second year as SU President.

Our external examiners responded very positively to our careful and thorough initiatives to support students whose studies had been variously disrupted through Covid. Wherever possible our placements and clinics continued to operate. And we recruited additional staff to drive forward our new initiatives in Health and Social Care, building on the great success of our existing Allied Health and Sport Therapy programmes. One CEO in the city told me there was no need for us to advertise our student-run clinics; her neighbour was singing their praises to everyone she meets for fixing her back so successfully.

2020-21 saw other notable successes for Marjon. We bid for and secured funding from Salix of £5.3million. In the first phase we installed 2,000 solar panels and 3,000 LEDs. And the second phased has funded Ground Source Heat Pumps to replace most of our gas boilers. The combined impact of these two projects will reduce our carbon footprint by 60% from September 2020 to July 2022. This drives forward dramatically our deliver of our decarbonisation, known as *Marjon Zero*. At the same time we will seek to enhance and protect biodiversity on our campus as an important green space in the North of Plymouth, and open our campus increasingly to the community for public good.

Our first REF submission during this year was an important milestone. (REF is the national initiative that assesses and funds university research). We look forward to the result in May 2022 and to further league table uplift thereafter. Research is an integral component of a mature university, and we look forward to continued research success both national and international, together with rising numbers of doctoral students.

2020-21 was designed as a year in which to celebrate our exemplary heritage as the first teacher training college in England and also to affirm our future as a *civic engagement university*, building ever stronger links with our city and region. Our extensive sporting links with the community are now coming back to life, and we have also launched new performing arts clubs for children. A tour by stand-up comedians and other new arts ventures were negotiated during this financial year, and these will result in very positive and significant enhancement of Marjon's contribution to the city-region's provision of art and culture. The broad and ambitious civic engagement agenda will be taken forward more vigorously as Covid begins to recede.

Digital skills have taken a great leap forward during Covid. I'm not sure I'd even heard of Teams and Zoom before the first lockdown. Now our staff have been significantly upskilled and digitisation is being utilised to enhance effectiveness across our professional services. This year also saw the migration of our Virtual Learning Environment to a new platform, which was achieved successfully thanks to the dedication of our academic staff. Like many past disruptors, Covid has accelerated new ways of working, more rapid adoption of new technologies, and new approaches to office space; flexible and adaptable organisations, including Marjon, have been evolving rapidly and will never be the same again.

Of course, the Covid years have been incredibly stressful for almost everyone. It has been essential not only to continue to provide as much pastoral and counselling support as we can to our students, but also to emphasise supporting staff wellbeing. Some of our initiatives to support staff wellbeing have continued throughout Covid, and others will now come back to life. We are committed to health and wellbeing for all. For 2020-21 the education sector has reported a 24.6% median gender pay gap, however I am pleased to note that Marjon's is -3.4%. The mean gap for the education section is reported as 17.1% whilst Marjon's is 4.2%.

Our financial performance has been very robust at a time when some universities have been reporting severe deficits. Covid produced considerable additional costs for the University, including Perspex screens, PPE, anti-Covid fogging etc. At the same time, it drove down our income – much less food and drink were bought on campus, the Sport Centre was frequently closed, the sport pitches lay dormant, and we ensured that students were not charged rent for weeks when they could not access their university bedrooms. Just as we were the first University to introduce a period poverty campaign, we were the first or one of the first to introduce rent rebates for lockdowns. This increase in costs and reduction in income might have resulted in a deficit budget, but all managers worked very hard to protect our strong financial performance, which has now been audited in the published accounts.

This snapshot of the life of Marjon demonstrates many of our commitments:

- Centred on student success
- Committed to being a learning community
- Attentive to the health and wellbeing of every individual, student and staff
- Working together with mutual respect and encouragement
- Empowering our students for success in their degrees and beyond university
- Embracing the digital revolution in the workplace
- Developing our research profile and civic engagement
- Decarbonising our campus and protecting the habitats of our flora and fauna
- Working hard to extend our civic engagement, as a university committed to the public good in our city and counties.

All of this leads me to a confident conclusion: everyone who is a part of this University = students, staff and governors - really can be *proud to be Marjon*.

Prof Rob Warner, Vice-Chancellor



Strategic Report

Operating and Financial Review

The members of the University Board of Governors have pleasure in presenting their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2021 following a further year of challenges and opportunity.

Operating Review

2020 was always going to be a momentous year at Marjon. 180 years ago, in 1840, Sir James Kay-Shuttleworth founded St John's College, and a year later, St Mark's College was founded by Reverend Derwent Coleridge. With their decisive action, our founders took revolutionary and pioneering steps to fight inequality, and to make a difference to their communities. 180 years later, we are still making a difference.

But our 180th anniversary year was, in the end, more memorable not for reflecting on our past but for the extraordinary present times we are all living through. We started this financial year in a period of uncertainty, with changes to social distancing regulations coming in from the government right in the middle of our Freshers' Week. Our Student Union team and our academics responded admirably and managed to create a safe and enjoyable experience to welcome all our new students.

Our academic staff showed incredible ingenuity to create a wide range of experiences which we now know will serve students well in their future careers. These included online theatrical performances, online health and wellbeing consultations, and online events for our students to keep them motivated and connected.

Our annual awards ceremonies have now run online for two years, with record nominations as staff and students recognised achievements in such exceptional circumstances, and much larger audiences. Our summer school, supporting students who wish to become teachers, has also run online for two years, maintaining persistent excitement and enthusiasm from young people, despite so many reports of "online fatigue". We started a new programme called Marjon Scholars with pupils in Year 7 in three local schools taking part in a six-week online programme to help to develop their curiosity about higher education. We will be delighted to welcome them to our campus this Autumn.

Our research has gone from strength to strength. In 2020 we were awarded a £250,000 grant to research the impact of our students' involvement in our Health & Wellbeing clinics. The grant will enable us to research the positive impact on students of our model, so that other institutions might follow suit. In 2021 we submitted the work of 30 academics and researchers to be reviewed in the Research Excellence Framework, our first ever submission which has been many years in the planning.

We have developed many valuable work experiences for students in the last two years. Multiple new student roles have been created, with students working on our Welcome Desk, in our labs, as IT assistants, in our Sports & Health Centre, in our Coronavirus Support Team and Covid test centre, as Change Maker project managers, as research partners as well as Student Ambassadors. Many new graduate internship roles have also been developed, reflecting our desires to provide a springboard for our graduates at the start of their careers, and to put the student voice right at the heart of our decision-making.

Whilst travel and study abroad became impossible at certain times in the last two years, our Futures team have ensured that students could still access high quality, horizon-widening activity, supporting students through our *Going Places* fund with extra qualifications and experiences within the UK to launch their graduate careers. *Marjon Zero* represents our goal to move our campus to zero carbon emissions by 2030. This goal has made great progress, and by mid-2022 we will have switched much of our energy use to newly installed solar panels and ground source heat pumps, reducing our carbon emissions on campus by 60% in just two years. In a testament to our students and staff, we have achieved some incredible accolades during the course of 2020 and 2021:

- No 1 in England for **teaching quality** (Good University Guide 2022)
- No 1 in England for **learning community** (National Student Survey 2021)
- No 2 in England for **student voice** (National Student Survey 2021)
- No 3 in England for **student satisfaction** (Complete University Guide 2022)
- No 2 in England for **social inclusion** (Good University Guide 2022)

- No 3 in England for **students' union** (National Student Survey 2021)
- No 5 in England for **student experience** (Good University Guide 2022)
- No 3= in England for **response to the pandemic** (Good University Guide 2022)
- No 3 in England for **learning opportunities** (National Student Survey 2021)
- No 4 in England for **teaching on my course** (National Student Survey 2021)
- No 3 in in the UK for overall **Postgraduate satisfaction** (Postgraduate Taught Experience Survey 2020)

These accolades reflect the power of our truly values-based community which has risen to the challenges of the last year with hope, creativity and energy.

Sustainability

Financial forecasts were initially approved that anticipated the University delivering a break-even position. A Covid budget was once again built in and income expectations were reduced and in some cases budget at deficit. Despite this the University has performed with swift and prudent action to arrive at a small surplus after Salix funding and pension adjustments. Cash improvement continues to enhance the balance sheet. The University now needs to continue to control cost whilst growing and diversifying its revenue. A final Covid recovery budget and break-even position is planned for 2021/22 as the University regroups to position for the post-Covid future, where sustainable surpluses will be needed to implement the Campus Development plan. The Office for Students (OfS) also monitors Universities' financial health through the Annual Financial Return which contains increased year on year scrutiny.

Future Plans and Risk Management

Risk management is an essential element of managing the delivery of the strategic plan and the supporting financial strategy. The Board is acutely aware of the Covid risk and risks to fees and funding with Higher Education in England. While the future of tuition fees remains uncertain continued sensitivities will need to be applied as Business Planning is implemented in 2021/22 and beyond. Far more scrutiny of student numbers, assumptions and risk is taking place to shape the future revenue assumptions. Having highlighted the risk of student numbers the University continued to show steady sustainable growth.

The University has now firmly embedded risk at a strategic level and work is scheduled to review operational risk management in 2021/22. Risks continue to be highlighted and discussed at Audit Committee, the Board, at each SMT and in major projects now these are starting in delivery of the campus development plan.

The primary risks to the University have been identified as:

- Student recruitment
- Financial sustainability and Pension costs
- Fee Review
- League table performance
- Conversion and retention
- Covid Impact and business continuity
- Succession planning

Senior Management Team and Governors continue to monitor progress towards delivery of the Growth Plan.

Public Benefit Statement

Plymouth Marjon University is both a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity by Schedule 3 of the Charities Act 2011, regulated by the Office for Students (OfS). The Charities Act 2011 places an obligation on charities to demonstrate explicitly how they provide public benefit. Our primary purpose as set out in the company's Articles of Association, is to promote the advancement of further and higher education and the consequent work of the University in accordance with the principles of the Church of England.

In setting and reviewing the University's strategic objectives, the Governing Body has had due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and particularly upon its supplementary guidance on the advancement of education. The guidance sets out the requirement that all organisations wishing to be recognised as charities must

demonstrate, explicitly, that their aims are for the public benefit. The principal beneficiaries of the University's services are our students and the public at large.

Originally established as the first teacher training college in England, with the first students commencing in February 1840, teacher education remains an area of distinctiveness today and from these roots the University has developed a much wider range of provision including Sport, Health and Well-being, Arts and Humanities, Youth and Community, Early Years Education, Business and Enterprise.

The University has, from its origins, an emphatic commitment to widening participation and providing educational opportunities to all with the potential to succeed, irrespective of background.

Many of the University's students undertake work placements as an integral part of their programme of study and much of this will be in public sector and voluntary organisations such as schools, youth organisations, the NHS, drama groups and sports clubs. In addition to this the University has a strong culture of student and staff volunteering. Students also have the opportunity to act as 'student ambassadors' and mentors, working with current students, prospective students and the wider community.

The health and well-being clinics continue to increase their partnership with the NHS, offering a range of rehabilitation programmes, including back pain, leg ulcer clinics and clinics for patients with cancer. We continue to work with our strategic partners and have invested in increasing the range of our clinics to include Osteopathy. These clinics contribute significantly to health and well-being for the University and the wider city.

Our sport provision makes an active contribution to the wider community, not only through the sports facilities being made available to community groups and schools locally, but through encouraging children across the City region to engage in active sport from a young age to their late teens.

The Chaplaincy provides regular opportunities for worship for members of the wider community, deliver lectures and events and undertakes an annual programme of work supporting assemblies in primary schools across the region with student volunteers. The University makes available the Arts Centre to school and community drama groups and has an open access policy for use of the library and learning resources centre.

The public benefits outlined above are funded largely through undergraduate tuition fees. The charitable work of the University is also supported by the Governors, who give their time and wider support to the institution without payment, other than for expenses. The University will continue in this charitable role to provide a broad range of public benefit to our community.

Payments to Trustees

No payments were made to the Governors as charity trustees during the year except in the reimbursement of expenses incurred on the University's business. These expenses amounted to £372. This represents travel and subsistence expenses incurred in attending Board, committee meetings and other events in their official capacity.

Financial Highlights

The University continues to deliver on a Financial model that is designed to forward forecast, mitigate financial risk and to ensure the continuation of financial resilience and sustainability. This is key to support the ambitions outlined in the Marjon Growth Plan and in particular the Campus Development Plan. The Senior Management Team has controlled the financial performance to mitigate the impact of Covid and delivering a small deficit despite continuing uncertainty and loss of income. Pension fluctuations continue to present significant challenged in setting and managing the financial performance.

The balance sheet remains solid, with a sound level of cash reserves to support the on-going needs of the University. The decision to protect the capital value of investments last year and then subsequently restructure the remaining portfolio has been successful with growth in the performance of the fund which has also divested in fossil fuels at the same time.

Report of the Members of the University Board of Governors

The Board of Governors, as the directors of the University of St Mark & St John, presents the University's annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2021.

Tax Status

The University is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2012 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the University is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 Corporation Tax Act 2012 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fixed Assets

Freehold property is included in the Balance Sheet at cost.

Employees

Health, safety and security matters are given special attention by the members of the University, and it is their policy to ensure that continued employment is offered to employees who become temporarily or permanently disabled and to provide special facilities wherever possible. The University Board of Governors also recognises the need to provide information on matters of concern to employees which is satisfied through its consultative procedures.

Payment of Creditors

The University's policy is to obtain the best terms for all business and, thus, there is no single policy as to the terms used in agreements negotiated with suppliers. The University endeavours to include and abide by specific payment terms.

Governors' Liability Insurance

The University has purchased Governors' liability insurance for the members of the University Board of Governors for the year ended 31 July 2021.

Members' Statement as to Disclosure of Information to Auditor

The members of the University Board of Governors at the time of approving this report are listed from page 5. Having made enquiries of fellow members, each of these members confirm that:

- To the best of each member's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the Company's auditor is unaware;
- Each member has taken all the steps a member of the University Board of Governors might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information, and
- Each member of the University Board of Governors has confirmed that they did not have any transactions with the University or its subsidiaries which would require disclosure in the accounts under FRS102.

Auditor

Bishop Fleming LLP were appointed as external auditor for the year 2020/21 in line with their appointment in 2015/16 following a competitive tender process, which was extended for a year due to the global Covid pandemic. This is currently being retendered.

The financial statements on pages 29 to 54 were approved by the Board of Governors of the University of St Mark & St John 18 November December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Graham Raikes MBE Chair of the Board of Governors

Professor Rob Warner Vice-Chancellor

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of Corporate Governance

Legal status

The legal name and address of the University is The University of St Mark & St John, Derriford Road, Plymouth, PL6 8BH. Plymouth Marjon University is a trading name of the University of St Mark & St John. The preferred name is Plymouth Marjon University, often also referred to as 'Marjon'.

The following statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and accounts of the University to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. This statement covers the period from 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The University conducts its business

- in accordance with the seven principles identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership). In accordance with these principles the University maintains a publicly accessible Register of Governors' Interests and declared trusteeships or directorships. Provisions relating to declaration of interests are specified in the Articles of the University and members are asked to declare interests at every meeting.
- in full accordance with the guidance to Universities from the Committee of University Chairs (CUC) in:
 - The Higher Education Code of Governance 2020 ("The Code")
 - The Higher Education Audit Committees Code of Practice 2020 ("The Audit Code")
 - The Higher Education Senior Staff Remuneration Code 2018 ("The Remuneration Code")

and having due regard to

• the UK Corporate Governance Code 2018

insofar as it is applicable.

The University is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. In the opinion of the members of the University Board of Governors, the University complies with all the provisions of the Code and it has complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2021. The CUC Codes continue to be adopted on a 'comply or explain' basis.

Marjon Student Union

Marjon Student Union is an unincorporated association. Under the Education Act 1994, the University's Board of Governors is responsible for general oversight. Marjon Student Union's President is a Board member and the Board of Governors receives regular input and an annual report from Marjon Student Union. Marjon Student Union has its own Board of Trustees.

The University Board of Governors approved the updated Marjon Student Union constitution during 2020-21.

How the University is Governed

Members of the University's Board of Governors accept responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of policies, aims and objectives, while safeguarding public and other funds and assets for which they are responsible, in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the University of St Mark & St John and the terms and conditions of funding for Higher Education Institutions from the Office for Students (OfS).

Governors take on two roles: one as trustee of the charity and one as (non-executive) director of the company. As a trustee, members are responsible for annually signing off the accounts for the company. This is undertaken during the Board of Governors' meeting in the autumn.

The primary responsibility of members of the Board is to monitor and maintain the solvency of the University and to determine the educational character and mission of the University.

Specifically, the primary responsibilities in accordance with the Articles of Association are as follows:

- the determination of the educational character and objectives of the University and for the supervision of its activities;
- the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the University and for safeguarding its assets;
- approving annual estimates of income and expenditure;
- the determination of which posts are Senior Posts, save that the Vice-Chancellor, Chaplain and Clerk shall always be Holders of Senior Posts;
- the assignment of duties to the Vice-Chancellor;
- the appointment, discipline, suspension and dismissal and the determination of the grading, pay and conditions of service of the Holders of Senior Posts;
- the agreement of the policy for pay and general conditions of employment of the Staff who are not Holders of Senior Posts;
- the appointment of Auditors; and
- discharging all other duties of the directors of a charitable company limited by guarantee carrying on the business of the Company.

It is the Board's responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct. The Board is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the University together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters and personnel-related matters such as health and safety issues. The Board meets, as a minimum, four times a year.

Board meetings and membership

The University Secretary maintains a register of financial and personal interests of the governors. The register is available for inspection at the registered office. All interests are included within the Governors' Handbook which is available to view on the Plymouth Marjon University website <u>here</u>. Furthermore, each Board member's pen portrait includes their interests, displayed on the website <u>here</u>. There are different categories of governors, defined by their routes to appointment, however all Governors are considered independent. Governors are asked to complete a statement of affirmation to confirm suitability ("Fit and Proper Persons") and eligibility on appointment and declare any interests regularly. Any issues would be referred to the Chair, joint Deputy Chairs and University Secretary. Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to governors in a timely manner, prior to Board meetings.

Board Committees

The Board conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Board. Full minutes of all meetings, except those deemed to be confidential by the Board, are available from the University Secretary. They are also displayed on the University's website, in an accessible format.

The committees of the Board of Governors are as follows:

Finance & Resources Committee

This is a finance and general purpose committee that considers estates and finance. The Vice-Chancellor has delegated authority from the Board of Governors for the running of the University on a day to day basis and the Finance & Resources Committee has to authorise any new, strategically significant or commercial activities and in line with the limits outlined in the Financial Regulations. The committee also approves the financial plans and accounts before they are presented to the Board of Governors. The Finance & Resources Committee also monitors key statutory returns to OfS prior to approval by the Board of Governors.

The Finance & Resources Committee also delegates authority to the **Estates Project Group** to lead the development of strategies and plans relating to existing and future campus developments.

Audit Committee

This committee provides assurance and reviews the risks management, internal controls and governance of the University by examining the University's processes and how they operate. The University's internal auditors are PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditors are Bishop Fleming and both report directly to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee also produces an annual report for the Board of Governors on the effectiveness and compliance of the committee. The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the annual financial accounts. It operates in accordance with "the Audit Code".

Governance & Nominations Committee

This committee is responsible for the appointment of governors and co-optees to the Board, fostering diversity, ensuring quoracy and monitoring the re-appointment of members into their second term. The Governance & Nominations Committee also oversees the effectiveness of the Board, via a Review of Board Effectiveness. The process is confirmed annually and its purpose is to provide assurance to the Board that effective governance arrangements are in place, providing an overview of the effectiveness of the Board and its Chair and confirmation of the suitability of the Chair to continue in post for the coming year.

Remuneration Committee

This committee monitors and reviews the salaries and any performance related payment to the most senior staff of the University and also considers human resources related matters. It operates in accordance with "the Remuneration Code". The Chair of the Board does not chair this Committee. The Vice-Chancellor attends solely by invitation and is not present for discussions regarding his own performance or remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee also delegates authority to the **People & Organisational Development Sub-Committee** (formerly People & Workforce Sub-Committee) to seek to ensure that the University is managing its people issues effectively and monitoring how people strategies contribute to improved organisational performance.

Senate

The Board of Governors has delegated its responsibility for maintaining and enhancing the University's academic performance at all levels to Senate (previously Academic Board). Senate provides regular reports to the Board of Governors so that it can be assured of the continuous improvement of the student academic experience and student outcomes, along with the methodologies used to measure them. It also ensures that the standards of the University's awards are appropriately set and maintained. Governors regularly attend meetings of Senate as observers, receiving confirmed minutes and regular reports from the committees that report to it.

Student Engagement

The Board continues to engage with the student experience and to ensure accountability with regards to student experience, welfare and engagement. A remunerated Student Engagement Officer role was created in April 2019 and through 2020-21 the post holder was invited to attend Board meetings to provide an additional level of information regarding student issues. Marjon Student Union's elected president, the Student Governor, attends Board of Governors' meetings, as well as meetings of the Finance & Resources Committee and People &

Organisational Development Sub-Committee. The Pro Vice-Chancellor (Academic) and Pro Vice-Chancellor (Student Success) are also regularly invited to attend Board and committee meetings. A governor-student lunch is normally included in the annual cycle of business.

The Student Engagement and Outcomes Panel (SEOP) holds monthly meetings, with a focus on enhancing student engagement, student experience, student outcomes and equality of opportunity. The Student Experience Council (SEC) aims to facilitate student participation in order to enhance the student experience, as does the University Board of Studies (UBoS) which debates, reviews and recommends approaches to improve the quality of students' learning opportunities and their academic experience within the University. Students are also panel members for validation events.

Governance during the year

As was the case in 2019-20, the Board and its committees convened with greater frequency than in previous years, in response to the Covid pandemic. Additional meetings were held 'virtually' to keep the Board fully informed of developments. The University's Board of Governors met six times in 2020/21. Four of these meetings were as per the published schedule, two were additional 'virtual' meetings.

The University Board of Governors' four committees, one sub-committee and one task group met as follows in 2020/2021:

- 1. Finance & Resources Committee seven meetings, plus a joint workshop with EPG
- 2. Audit Committee five meetings
- 3. Governance & Nominations Committee three meetings
- 4. Remuneration Committee four meetings
- 5. People & Organisational Development Sub-Committee two meetings
- 6. Estates Project Group three meetings, plus a joint workshop with F&R Committee

Furthermore, a strategic group established in order to draw on Board members' expertise, the 'Nursing & Allied Health Advisory Group', convened on two occasions.

The Board of Governors considered and approved the revenue and capital budgets, Annual Monitoring Statement and the Financial Forecasts. The Board also approved the Financial Strategy, Ethical Investment Strategy, Financial Regulations, Annual Financial Return, Banking Arrangements, Counter-Fraud and Anti-Corruption Policy and Risk Management Policy.

In addition, the following strategies were approved by the Board this year: People Strategy, Mental Health and Wellbeing Strategy, Marketing and Student Recruitment Strategy and International Strategy.

A number of other policies and statements were approved, including: Whistleblowing Report and Policy; Board Effectiveness Statement; Annual Report on Research & Knowledge Exchange including Research Integrity Statement; Health & Safety Policy Statement of Intent; Prevent Duty Policy and Monitoring; Annual Remuneration Statement; Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking Annual Statement; Equality Plan. The Board reaffirmed its commitment to the IHRA Statement on Antisemitism and its opposition to all forms of racism.

All Board committees' terms of reference, including Senate, are reviewed and approved annually.

With regard to its estate, the Board agreed that the University adopt, as a default position, the Passivhaus approach in implementing the Campus Development Plan. Elements of the Campus Development Plan, approved in July 2020, would be progressed.

The appointment of the inaugural Chancellor was agreed and would be announced in the autumn of 2021.

The University Board of Governors received reports at their meetings on:

• Local, national, regional, sector and political developments

- Response and approach to Covid
- Updates from Vice-Chancellor
- KPIs and Strategy
- Academic elements including REF Submission; updates from Directors of Schools; external endorsement of learning, teaching and quality approach during the pandemic; student engagement in academic committees; report on Retention/Monitoring and Evaluating Academic Provision; course profile data; Annual Quality Assurance Report
- Student recruitment, retention, performance and student feedback
- Updates from MSU President and from Student Engagement Officer
- Partnerships and collaborative provision, including exploring opportunities in Nursing & Allied Health
- Funding opportunities, including Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund (Salix)
- Updates on changes in key staff
- Updates on University events and activities
- Reports to and from OfS, including OfS Regulatory Approach; response to OfS Quality and Standards Consultation
- Management accounts and other financial information
- Estates development matters, including Campus Development Plan
- Departmental updates
- Updates from Chaplain
- Equality and Diversity
- Gender and pay
- Data Protection and Freedom of Information
- Any fraudulent incidents, legal activity, health and safety incidents, whistleblowing incidents, student casework (Reserved Business report to F&R Committee, Audit Committee and Board)
- Details of Risk Management issues and developments
- Board Effectiveness and alignment with CUC HE Code of Governance 2020
- Board membership, skills audit, register of interests
- Minutes of the meetings of the Finance & Resources Committee, Audit Committee, Estates Project Group, Governance & Nominations Committee, People & Organisational Development Sub-Committee and Senate. Annual review/approval of Terms of Reference. In addition to the minutes, the Chairs of the respective committees provided oral reports and received and responded to questions from Board of Governor members. Remuneration Committee provided an annual report to the Board in place of minutes.
- Data returns and statistics inclusive of annual data assurance report
- Access and Participation Plan

The University Board of Governors received training, development and strategic updates on the following areas during 2020-21:

- Introduction to Teaching, Learning and Quality Assurance
- What Makes Marjon Special
- Living the Values
- Equality & Diversity
- International Update
- Academic Update Student-led Knowledge Exchange and Postgraduate)
- Marjon Student Union Update
- Going Green Marjon's Journey Towards Zero Carbon
- Marketing & Student Recruitment Strategy
- Sport, Health & Wellbeing
- Nursing & Allied Health

The Finance & Resources Committee examined financial plans and forecasts, financial regulations and procedures, the Ethical Investment policy and investment fund performance, fees and funding, student recruitment and retention figures and key financial risks. The Financial Strategy (draft) was considered. Banking arrangements were reviewed. The Committee also considered Health & Safety, insurance assurance, business planning, finance KPIs. Data returns and any financial implications were also considered. The University's OfS Annual Financial Return was scrutinised prior to Board approval.

MSU Trustees' Report and Financial Statements were received and a recommendation made to the Board regarding MSU financial support.

Regular updates on Estates and Campus Development Plan were received and the Committee worked closely with the Estates Project Group. The latter convened three times with a particular focus on the development of the Campus Development Plan. Additionally, a joint workshop of F&R Committee and EPG was held, to progress discussions around the funding of developments on campus.

The Internal Auditors worked closely with the Marjon Audit Group (MAG) to respond to risk assessed temporary changes to Internal Control, required to enable the University to operate effectively due to the restrictions on working from home due to the Covid pandemic.

The Audit Committee met with the Internal Auditors on five occasions during the year. The committee met to consider Internal Audit Reports; review and plan forthcoming internal audit reviews; receive the Internal Auditors' annual report; review committee effectiveness with regard to the CUC Higher Education Audit Committees Code of Practice (May 2020). The Committee met with the External Auditors twice in 2020/21 to consider the audit plan and to consider and receive the audit findings report and financial statements for the year. A representative from the University attended all meetings but, at the request of the Chair of the Audit Committee, left the meeting as needed so that independent discussions could take place between members of the Audit Committee and the Internal and/or External Auditors. The Chair of the Audit Committee provided an annual report for the University Board of Governors which included reference to a report on value for money initiatives undertaken by the University.

During 2020/21, Audit Committee commissioned two core reviews: Finance Strategy & Planning and Student Data Controls. The following operational reviews were conducted: Estates; Health & Safety; Cyber Security; Departmental Review (Marjon Student Union); Business Continuity/IT resilience. These were in addition to a follow-up review of any outstanding recommendations from 2019/20 audit reports.

The Board of Governors approved the extension of both sets of auditors' contracts by one year, predominantly to assure continuity during the Covid pandemic.

Governance & Nominations Committee considered nominations for vacancies to the University Board of Governors and its committees; committee terms of reference; Board effectiveness; skills and diversity of the Board; Board members' induction and development training; the appointment of the University's first Chancellor. A review of the University's alignment with the CUC HE Code of Governance 2020 was conducted.

Remuneration Committee met to discuss matters relating to the terms and conditions of service and the emoluments of the holders of 'Senior Posts' as defined in the Articles of Association. The Committee's effectiveness was reviewed, in the context of the CUC HE Senior Staff Remuneration Code

People & Organisational Development Sub-Committee considered in detail the University's People Strategy and other human resources matters. These included: Gender Pay Gap; Consultancy Policy & Procedure; consideration of the extensive measures put in place to support and consult with the University's staff through the challenges of the pandemic.

The Nursing/Allied Health Advisory group convened on two occasions, to provide strategic oversight regarding the University's intent to explore the development of its educational provision in this area.

Statement of responsibilities of the Board of Governors

The Companies Act 2006 and the Office for Students require the Board of Governors to ensure that financial statements are prepared for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the University, and of the income and expenditure, cash flows and recognised gains and losses of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Board has to ensure that they:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and the parent company will continue in business.

To assist the members of the Board of Governors in discharging its ultimate responsibility, the University's Finance & Resources Committee and the Audit Committee are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the University and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 and the Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students.

The Board of Governors is also responsible under the Terms and Conditions of Funding for Higher Education Institutions for:

- ensuring that funds from OfS and other funding bodies are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of funding for Higher Education Institutions and any other conditions which OfS may from time to time prescribe;
- ensuring that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources; and
- securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the University's resources and expenditure.

The Board of Governors is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the University's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Internal Control

The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify the principal risks to the achievement of policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood, nature and extent of those risks, aim to reduce the impact of the risks whilst seeking to ensure that all risks, and opportunities, are managed efficiently, effectively and economically. The continuous review of risk includes business, operational and compliance risk as well as financial risk. This process has been in place for the year ended 31 July 2021 and up to the date of approval of the financial statements and accords with OfS guidance.

The process for risk assessment is embedded in the ongoing operation of the University. The strategic risk register is updated throughout the year and reviewed at the main committees of the Board of Governors. The Senior Management Team and their sub-committees also review the risks at their meetings throughout the year, providing regular reports on internal control and risk and highlighting any changes to the Board. The Audit Committee reviews risk identification, evaluation and management reporting to the Board of Governors which is ultimately responsible for ensuring that a sound system of internal control is maintained. Its terms of reference align with the CUC Higher Education Audit Committees Code of Practice (May 2020). A Management Audit Group (MAG) has been established comprising Internal Auditor, Director of Finance & IT and University Secretary & Registrar to provide oversight of the internal audit process.

Throughout the year, internal control systems have been maintained and extended in the wider Covid environment, with assurance including through the regular, scheduled work of the internal auditors. Reports have been reviewed and systematically considered by the Audit Committee, including recommendations, proposed management

actions, implementation timescales and follow up reports.

The review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the executive managers within the institution, who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and by comments made by the External Auditors in their reports. The External Auditors have provided a highlights memorandum and management letter in connection with the 2020/21 financial statements and their report to the Audit Committee will be forwarded to the OfS.

The Board, through the Audit Committee, has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of control operating in 2020/21 and up to the date of approval of these financial statements.

Going Concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the University Board of Governors considers that the University has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Graham Raikes MBE Chair of the Board of Governors

Independent auditors' report to the Members of The University of St Mark & St John (a company limited by guarantee)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the University of St Mark & St John (the 'University') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 July 2021 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure, the Consolidated and University Statement of Changes in Reserves, the Consolidated and University Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education (the 'FE HE SORP') and the Office for Students Accounts Direction (OfS 2019.41).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the University's affairs as at 31 July 2021 and of the Group's surplus of income against expenditure, gains and losses, changes in reserves and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the FE HE SORP and the Office for Students' Accounts Direction (OfS 2019.41).
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the University in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusion relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report of the Members of the Board of Governors and Consolidated Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board of Governors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The University of St Mark & St John (a company limited by guarantee) (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the Report of the Members of the University Board of Governors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the Report of the Members of the University Board of Governors have been • prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Office for Students' Accounts Direction (OfS 2019.41) In our opinion:

- - Funds from whatever source administered by the University for the specific purposes have been applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation; and
 - Funds provided by the Office for Students ('OfS'), UK Research and Innovation (including Research England), the Education and Skills Funding Agency and Department for Education have been applied in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions attached to them.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Office for Students' Accounts Direction requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the University's grant and fee income, as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, has been • materially misstated; or
- the University's expenditure on access and participation activities for the financial year has been materially • misstated.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the University and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the Report of the Members of the University Board of Governors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The University of St Mark & St John (a company limited by guarantee) (continued)

Responsibilities of the Board of Governors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities of the Board of Governors set out on page 22, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Governors is responsible for assessing the University's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Governors either intend to liquidate the University or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the sector, control environment and the University's performance;
- results of our enquiries of management and the members, including the committees charged with governance over the University's finance and control, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the University's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to: identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance; detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or noncompliance with laws and regulations;
- how the University ensured it met its obligations arising from it being financed by and subject to the governance requirements of the OfS, and as such material compliance with these obligations is required to ensure the University will continue to receive its public funding and be authorised to operate, including around ensuring there is no material unauthorised use of funds and expenditure; and
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team and involving relevant internal University specialists regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The University of St Mark & St John (a company limited by guarantee) (continued)

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the University for fraud, which included incorrect recognition of revenue and management override of controls using manual journal entries and these were identified as having the greatest potential for fraud.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the University operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the Office for Students' Accounts Direction (OfS 2019.41), the Companies Act 2006, Financial Reporting Standard 102 and the FE HE SORP.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the University's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included safeguarding regulations, data protection regulations, occupational health and safety regulations, education and inspections legislation, and employment legislation.

Our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess the recognition of revenue;
- enquiring of the University's management and members concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing procedures to confirm material compliance with the requirements of the OfS;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- reading minutes of meetings of the members and reviewing internal control reports; and
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; and assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members, and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The University of St Mark & St John (a company limited by guarantee) (continued)

forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the University's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the University's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the University and the University's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Bithey Fleming LL.

Nathan Coughlin FCA (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of **Bishop Fleming LLP** Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Salt Quay House 4 North East Quay Sutton Harbour Plymouth PL4 0BN Date 20 January 2022

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Year Ended 31 July 2021

		Year ended 31 July 2021	Year ended 31 July 2020
	Notes	Consolidated	Consolidated
		£'000	£'000
Income			
Tuition fees and education contracts	1	22,580	21,559
Funding body grants	2	1,225	1,080
Research grants and contracts	3	399	187
Other income	4	6,324	4,466
Investment income	5	3	88
Total income		30,531	27,380
Expenditure			
Staff costs	6	14,701	13,528
Restructuring costs	6	276	125
Other operating expenses	8	12,432	12,218
Depreciation and amortisation	9	2,129	2,151
Interest and other finance costs	7	827	871
Total expenditure		30,365	28,893
Surplus/(Deficit) before other gains/(losses)		166	(1,513)
		(0.9%)	(5%)
Gain / (Loss) on investments		282	(492)
Surplus /(Deficit) before tax		448	(2,005)
		2%	(7%)
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		448	(2,005)
		2%	(7%)
Other comprehensive income			
Actuarial profit/(loss) in respect of pension schemes	21	2,420	(4,966)
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,868	(6,971)
		10%	(25%)
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year attributable to: Institution		448	(2,005)

All items of income and expenditure relate to continuing activities. Notes on pages 38 to 54 form part of these financial statements

Consolidated and Institute Statement of Changes in Reserves Year Ended 31 July 2021

Consolidated	Income and expenditure reserve	Revaluation reserve	Total
	Unrestricted		
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 August 2019	20,354	3,699	24,053
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(2,005)	-	(2,005)
Other comprehensive income	(4,966)	-	(4,966)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(6,971)	0	(6,971)
Balance at 1 August 2020	13,383	3,699	17,082
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	448	-	448
Other comprehensive income	2,420	-	2,420
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,868	0	2,868
Balance at 31 July 2021	16,251	3,699	19,950
Institution	Income and expenditure reserve	Revaluation reserve	Total
	Unrestricted		
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 August 2019	20,461	3,699	24,160
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(2,005)	-	(2,005)
Other comprehensive income	(4,966)	-	(4,966)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(6,971)	0	(6,971)
Balance at 1 August 2020	13,490	3,699	17,189
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	448	-	448
Other comprehensive income	2,420	0	2,420
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,868	0	2,868
Balance at 31 July 2021	16,358	3,699	20,057

Consolidated and Institute Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet) Year Ended 31 July 2021

Notes Consolidated £'000 Institution £'000 Consolidated £'000 Institution £'000 Non-current assets 9 34,497 34,515 34,308 34,326 Investments 10 1,727 1,727 1,363 1,363 Current assets 36,224 36,242 35,671 35,689 Current assets 50ck 11 9 9 5 5 Trade and other receivables 12 3,378 3,467 2,296 2,386 Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,471 9,071 9,071 Less: 12,858 12,947 11,372 11,462 Less: 13 (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions Pension provisions 13 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 31 July 2020		
Non-current assets Tangible assets 9 34,497 34,515 34,308 34,326 Investments 10 1,727 1,727 1,363 1,363 Stock 11 9 9 5 5 Trade and other receivables 12 3,378 3,467 2,296 2,386 Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,471 9,071 9,071 9,071 Less: 12,858 12,858 12,947 11,372 11,462 Less: 13 (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 <th></th> <th>Notes</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>		Notes					
Investments 10 1,727 1,727 1,363 1,363 Current assets 36,224 36,242 35,671 35,689 Stock 11 9 9 5 5 Trade and other receivables 12 3,378 3,467 2,296 2,386 Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,471 9,071 9,071 9,071 Less: 12,858 12,947 11,372 11,462 Less: 13 (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves 16,251 16,358 13,383 13	Non-current assets		~~~~		2000	2000	
36,224 36,242 36,671 35,689 Current assets 11 9 9 5 5 Stock 11 9 9 5 5 Trade and other receivables 12 3,378 3,467 2,296 2,386 Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,071 9,071 9,071 9,071 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 21 (17,449) (17,452) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Reserves 16,251 16,358	Tangible assets	9	34,497	34,515	34,308	34,326	
Current assets Stock 11 9 9 5 5 Trade and other receivables 12 3,378 3,467 2,296 2,386 Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,471 9,071 9,071 Less: 12,858 12,947 11,372 11,462 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Reserves 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 1	Investments	10					
Stock 11 9 9 5 5 Trade and other receivables 12 3,378 3,467 2,296 2,386 Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,471 9,071 9,071 9,071 Less: 12,858 12,947 11,372 11,462 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (itabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699			36,224	36,242	35,671	35,689	
Trade and other receivables 12 3,378 3,467 2,296 2,386 Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,471 9,071 9,071 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions Pension provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699							
Cash and cash equivalents 9,471 9,471 9,071 9,071 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 12,858 12,947 11,372 11,462 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions Pension provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,452) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699	Stock		9	9	5	5	
Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 12,858 12,947 11,372 11,462 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions Pension provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699	Trade and other receivables	12	3,378	3,467	2,296	2,386	
Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions Pension provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted Revaluation reserve 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699	Cash and cash equivalents		9,471	9,471	9,071	9,071	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 13 (3,390) (3,390) (3,301) (3,301) Net current (liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699			12,858	12,947	11,372	11,462	
(liabilities)/assets 9,468 9,557 8,071 8,161 Total assets less current 1abilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 18, 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	13	(3,390)	(3,390)	(3,301)	(3,301)	
liabilities 45,692 45,799 43,742 43,850 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (8,293) (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 15 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699			9,468	9,557	8,071	8,161	
than one year 15 (8,293) (8,809) (8,809) Provisions 18, 18, 17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699			45,692	45,799	43,742	43,850	
Pension 18, provisions 21 (17,449) (17,449) (17,852) (17,852) Total net assets 19,950 20,057 17,082 17,189 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 16,251 16,358 13,383 13,490 Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699	than one year	15	(8,293)	(8,293)	(8,809)	(8,809)	
Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted16,25116,35813,38313,490Revaluation reserve3,6993,6993,6993,699	Pension		(17,449)	(17,449)	(17,852)	(17,852)	
ReservesIncome and expenditure reserve - unrestricted16,25116,35813,38313,490Revaluation reserve3,6993,6993,699	Total net assets		19,950	20,057	17,082	17,189	
Revaluation reserve 3,699 3,699 3,699 3,699	Reserves Income and expenditure reserve -		16.251	16.358	13.383	13.490	
	Total Reserves						

Notes on pages 38 to 54 form part of these financial statements

Graham Raikes MBE Chair of the Board of Governors

Date: 18 November 2021

Professor Rob Warner Vice-Chancellor

Consolidated and Institute Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended 31 July 2021

	Notes	Year ended 31 July 2021 £'000	Year ended 31 July 2020 £'000
Cash flow from operating activities			
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year before tax		448	(2,005)
Adjustment for non-cash items			
Depreciation	9	2,129	2,151
Decrease/(increase) in stock	11	(4)	0
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	12	(1,082)	(447)
Revaluation loss/(gain) on investments		(291)	522
Actuarial movement on pension		2,420	(4,966)
Pension Notional Interest		236	232
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	13,15	138	102
Increase/(decrease) in pension provision	21	(639)	6,193
Adjustment for investing or financing activities			
Investment income	5	(3)	(88)
Interest received			0
Interest payable	7	586	639
Cash flows from operating activities		3,938	2,333
Taxation		0	0
Net cash inflow from operating activities		3,938	2,333
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of investments	10	(326)	(481)
Sale of investments	10	251	2,493
Investment income	5	3	88
Payments made to acquire tangible assets	9	(2,317)	(1,239)
Interest received		0	0
		(2,389)	861
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid	7	(586)	(639)
Repayments of amounts borrowed	16	(563)	(802)
		(1,149)	(1,441)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents in the year		400	1,754
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		9,071	7,317
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		9,471	9,071

Notes on pages 38 to 54 form part of these financial statements

Statement of Accounting Policies Year Ended 31 July 2021

1. General Information

The University of St Mark & St John is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated in England. Its registered address is as disclosed on page 3 of the financial statements.

2. Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2015 and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards (FRS 102). The University is a public benefit entity and therefore has applied the relevant public benefit requirement of FRS 102. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

3. Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the University and its subsidiary (Marjon (South West) Limited) for the financial year to 31 July 2021. Intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation. In the Company's accounts, investment in subsidiaries are stated at cost less amounts written off.

In accordance with section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the University of St Mark & St John is exempt from the requirement to present its own income and expenditure account.

4. Income Recognition

Income from the sale of goods or services is credited to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure when the goods or services are supplied to the external customers or the terms of the contract have been satisfied.

Fee income is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and credited to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure over the period in which students are studying. Where the amount of the tuition fee is reduced by a discount, income receivable is shown net of the discount. Bursaries and scholarships are accounted for gross as expenditure and not deducted from income.

Investment income is credited to the statement of income and expenditure on a receivable basis.

Funds the University receives and disburses as paying agent on behalf of a funding body are excluded from the income and expenditure of the University where the University is exposed to minimal risk or enjoys minimal economic benefit related to the transaction.

Grant Funding

Grant funding including funding council block grant, research grants from government sources, grants (including research grants) from non-government sources are recognised as income when the University is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Capital Grants

Capital grants are recognised in income when the University is entitled to the funds subject to any performance related conditions being met.

5. Going Concern

The University has sufficient financial resources together with continued funding. As a consequence, the directors believe that the University is well placed to manage its business risk successfully whilst we recover from the impact that Covid has had on income levels and the cost base. We continue to examine the longer term horizon and run scenarios and explore fee diversification resulting from continued uncertainty surrounding University funding and student capping. The University has been growing during the demographic downturn whilst other Universities have been seeing falling student numbers. The University monitors applicant and conversion rates to proactively

plan to continue student growth, in particular on campus where there is a positive impact . on wider revenue streams as a result. The University has been adapting its financial model for increase e-learning revenue, is diversifying partnerships and has only one bank load remaining, whilst the BES scheme is also nearing repayment. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the University has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

6. Accounting for Retirement Benefits

The 4 principal pension schemes for the University are:

- 1. Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS)
- 2. Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) administered by the London Pensions Fund Authority (LPFA)
- 3. Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS)
- 4. Church of England Funded Pension Scheme (CoEFPS)

The schemes are defined benefit schemes which are externally funded and contracted out of the State.

Each fund is valued regularly by professionally qualified independent actuaries.

The USS, TPS and CoEFPS schemes are all multi-employer schemes for which it is not possible to identify the assets and liabilities to University members due to the mutual nature of the scheme and therefore these schemes are accounted for as defined contribution retirement benefit schemes.

A liability is recorded within provisions for any contractual commitment to fund past deficits within the USS scheme.

Defined Contribution Plan

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the income statement in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Defined Benefit Plan

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans. Under defined benefit plans, the University's obligation is to provide the agreed benefits to current and former employees, and actuarial risk (that benefits will cost more or less than expected) and investment risk (that returns on assets set aside to fund the benefits will differ from expectations) are borne, in substance, by the University. The Group should recognise a liability for its obligations under defined benefit plans net of plan assets. This net defined benefit liability is measured as the estimated amount of benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, discounted to determine its present value, less the fair value (at bid price) of plan assets. The calculation is performed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. Where the calculation results in a net asset, recognition of the asset is limited to the extent to which the University is able to recover the surplus either through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the plan.

The institution participates in Universities Superannuation Scheme. The scheme is a hybrid pension scheme, providing defined benefits (for all members), as well as defined contribution benefits. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate trustee-administered fund. Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the assets are not attributed to individual institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set.

The institution is therefore exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. As required by Section 28 of FRS 102 "Employee benefits", the institution therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme. Since the institution has entered into an agreement (the Recovery Plan) that determines how each employer within the scheme will fund the overall deficit, the institution recognises a liability for the contributions payable that arise from the agreement (to the extent that they relate to the deficit) and therefore an expense is recognised.

7. Employment Benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the University. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the University expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

8. Operating Leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any lease premiums or incentives are spread over the minimum lease term.

9. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Certain items of fixed assets that had been revalued to fair value on or prior to the date of transition to the 2015 FE HE SORP, are measured on the basis of deemed cost, being the revalued amount at the date of that revaluation.

Where parts of a fixed asset have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of fixed assets.

Buildings and Integral Fixtures and Fittings

Depreciation has been provided at 2% on buildings and on fixtures and fittings that form an integral part of the buildings in which they have been installed.

No depreciation is charged on freehold land.

Costs incurred in relation to land and buildings after initial purchase or construction, are capitalised to the extent that they increase the expected future benefits to the University.

Other Fixtures and Fittings and Equipment

Assets costing less than £5,000 per individual item or group of related items are written off in the year of acquisition. All other assets are capitalised.

Assets funded on a replacement basis by means of maintenance grants receivable from the OfS are written off in the year in which they are purchased.

Assets qualifying for special capital grants receivable from the OfS and all other new assets purchased are capitalised in the financial statements and written off in equal instalments over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Temporary classrooms and other modular buildings:

between 10 and 20 years between 3 and 5 years

All other equipment:

10. Capitalisation of Interest

Interest on loan finance in relation to the construction of new buildings has been capitalised as tangible fixed assets and is written off over the useful life of the assets to which it relates

11. Finance Costs

The finance cost of loans is allocated on an effective interest rate basis over the term of the individual loans.

12. Investments

Fixed asset investments are carried at market value and the movement in market values is taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Diminution in value is also charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

13. Stock

Stocks of food, catering items and stationery are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

All other consumables are written off in the year of purchase.

14. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

15. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised in the financial statements when:

- a. the University has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- b. it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- c. a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects risks specific to the liability.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the University a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the University. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent asset arises where an event has taken place that gives the University a possible asset whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the University.

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but are disclosed in the notes.

16. Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

17. Taxation Status

The University is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2014 and therefore meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly the University is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 Corporation Tax Act 2014 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

18. Maintenance Costs

The cost of routine maintenance is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period it is incurred. The University has a planned maintenance programme which is reviewed on an annual basis. Actual expenditure on planned maintenance is charged to the income and expenditure account in the period in which is it incurred.

19. Financial Instruments

The University only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the School and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets - trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost as detailed in note 12. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Financial liabilities - trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised costs as detailed in note 15 and 16. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial

instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instruments.

20. Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies and Key Sources of Estimation of Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for income and expenditure during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements have had the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Pension assumptions: Included in the financial statements is a liability in respect of the University's share of the LGPS pension deficit. This deficit is calculated by an independent actuary who predict the potential outlay required pensions become payable to retired employees. This prediction is based on a large number of estimates driven by market data.

Bad debt provision: Included in the financial statements is a provision for expected bad debts. This provision is calculated by the University based on their knowledge of the industry and prior year experience when recovering debtors.

Year Ended 31 July 2021

		Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020		
1	Tuition fees and education contracts	Consolidated £'000	Institution £'000	Consolidated £'000	Institution £'000	
	Full-time home and EU students	21,982	21,982	20,986	20,986	
	Full-time international students	68	68	69	69	
	Part-time students home and EU students	530	530	491	491	
	Research Training Support Grant	0	0	13	13	
		22,580	22,580	21,559	21,559	
2	Funding body grants Recurrent grant					
	Office for Students	1,225	1,225	1,077	1,077	
	Research England	0	0	1	1	
	Education and Skills Funding Agency	0	0	2	2	
		1,225	1,225	1,080	1,080	
3	Research grants and contracts					
	Research councils	50	50	0	0	
	Government (UK and overseas)	0	0	0	0	
	Industry and commerce	0	0	24	24	
	Other research grants and contracts	349	349	163	163	
		399	399	187	187	
4	Other income					
	Residences, catering and conferences	2,075	2,075	1,872	1,872	
	Sports Centre	313	313	661	661	
	Other capital grants	1,806	1,806			
	Other income	2,130	2,130	1,932	1,932	
		6,324	6,324	4,465	4,465	

5 Investment income

Other investment income	3	3	88	88
	3	3	88	88
Total income	30,531	30,531	27,380	27,380

Year Ended 31 July 2021

6. Staff costs

	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
	Consolidated £'000	Institution £'000	Consolidated £'000	Institution £'000
Staff Costs Salaries Social security costs Other pension costs Sub-total	10,153 919 <u>3,629</u> 14.701	10,153 919 <u>3,629</u> 14,701	9,670 852 <u>3,006</u> 13,528	9,670 852 <u>3,006</u> 13,528
Restructuring costs	276	276	125	125
Total	14,977	14,977	13,653	13,653

A further breakdown of pension costs has been included in pensions notes.

	30 July	31 July
	2021	2020
Total remuneration of the head of the institution	£'000	£'000
Basic salary	193	186
Performance-related pay and other bonuses	7	0
Employer's NI	26	25
Pension contributions and payments in lieu of contributions	46	43
	272	254

The emoluments of the Vice-Chancellor are shown on the same basis as for higher paid staff and include salary, bonus and other taxable benefits.

The remuneration package provided to the Vice-Chancellor includes salary and pension costs only. The salary for the Vice-Chancellor was set in April 2020 by Remuneration Committee, without the Vice-Chancellor in attendance. The salary is determined by taking account of the size of the institution and the considerable improvement in performance seen within the year. The Remuneration Committee seeks comparative information on salaries and other emoluments and conditions in the sector from the Universities and Colleges Employers' Association (UCEA) to inform decisions and ensure that all arrangements are unambiguous and diligently recorded. Comparative data is also taken from post 92 universities and Higher Education Corporations (HECs) by institutional income in the $\pounds 24m - \pounds 70m$ bracket. Mission group data from Guild HE is also used as a comparator, where available.

i. The Vice-Chancellor's basic salary is 8.5 times the median pay of staff (2020 8.5 times), where the median pay is calculated on a full-time equivalent basis for the salaries paid by a provider to its staff.

ii. The Vice-Chancellor's total remuneration is 9.2 times the median total remuneration of staff (2020 8.9 times), where the median total remuneration is calculated on a full-time equivalent basis for the total remuneration by the provider of its staff.

The members of the Board of Governors do not receive any remuneration in their capacity as directors. Certain members are employed by the University as academic and administrative staff.

Year Ended 31 July 2021

6. Staff costs (cont)

The number of staff with a basic salary of over £100,000 per annum has been included below.

Basic salary per annum	31 July 2021			2020
	Consolidated Institution		Consolidated	Institution
	No.	No.	No.	No.
£100,000 - £104,999	0	0	0	0
£105,000 - £109,999	1	1	1	1
£110,000 - £114,999	0	0	0	0
£115,000 - £119,999	0	0	0	0
£185,000 - £189,999	0	0	1	1
£190,000 - £194,999	1	1	0	0
	2	2	2	2

Staffing numbers reflect all staff within the University who are under an hourly paid contract of service, be it full time or part time. A large proportion of hourly paid staff are on either annualised hours contracts or zero-hours contracts, which span 6 months/the academic year. However, the hours actually worked under these contracts vary on a monthly basis (and these staff do not necessarily work every month), which is reflected in the headcount being significantly higher than the FTE.

		/ear ended July 2021		ear ended July 2020
Average staff numbers by major category	No	FTE	No	FTE
Academic	234	104	248	85
Management & specialist	8	8	8	8
Technical	75	29	126	39
Other	351	158	364	160
Total Number of staff	668	299	746	292

Key Management Personnel

The key management personnel of the University comprise the senior management team as listed on page 7. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions and employer national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for services to the University was as follows:

	Year ended 31 July 2021	Year ended 31 July 2020
Key management personnel compensation (this represents pay including employer pension	£'000 1,046	£'000 956

contributions and employer national insurance contributions)

Year Ended 31 July 2021

			Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31	July 2020
		Notes	Consolidated £'000	Institution £'000	Consolidated £'000	Institution £'000
7	Interest and other finance costs Loan interest Unwind of discount on USS pension provision		591 0	591 0	638 1	638 1
	Net cost on pension scheme	33	236	236	178	178
		-	827	827	817	817
8	Analysis of other operating expenditu	re by act	tivity			
	Academic Departments Administration and central services		6,986	6,986	6,951	6,951
			1,165	1,165	1,218	1,218
	Premises (including service concession of		2,758	2,758	2,271	2,271
	Residences, catering and conferences (c	costs)	634	634	668	668
	Other expenses		889	889	1,110	1,110
			12,432	12,432	12,218	12,218
	Other operating expenses include: Operating lease rentals					
	Land and buildings		50	50	48	48
	Other		36	36	49	49
	External auditors remuneration in respect services	t of audit	27	27	27	27
	Access and Participation					
	Access Investment		688	688	535	535
	Financial Support		278	278	471	471
	Disability Support		0	0	218	218
	Research and Evaluation		77	77	44	44
	Total Access and Participation costs	-	1,043	1,043	1,268	1,268

£609k of these costs are already included in the overall staff costs figures included in the financial statements, see note 6. This is allocated:

Access Investment	Year Ended 31 July 2021 541	Year Ended 31 July 2020 398
Disability Support	0	218
Research and Evaluation	68	36
	609	652

The University Access and Participation Plan can be viewed at https://www.marjon.ac.uk/about-marjon/governance--management/universitystrategies--policies/

Year Ended 31 July 2021

9 Tangible Assets

Consolidated	Freehold Land and Buildings	Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment	Assets in the Course of Construction	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost or valuation				
At 1 August 2020	32,518		460	55,775
Additions	0	.,	701	2,317
Transfers	256		(1,060)	0
Disposals	0	()	0	(258)
At 31 July 2021	32,774	24,959	101	57,834
Depreciation				
At 1 August 2020	9,529		0	21,467
Charge for the year	579	,	0	2,128
Disposals	0	()	0	(258)
At 31 July 2021	10,108	13,229	0	23,337
Carrying amount				
At 31 July 2021	22,666	11,730	101	34,497
At 31 July 2020	22,989	10,859	460	34,308
Institution				
Cost and valuation				
At 1 August 2020	32,535	22,707	460	55,702
Additions	0_,000		701	2,317
Transfers	256		(1,060)	_,• 0
Disposals	0		0	(258)
At 31 July 2021	32,791	24,869	101	57,761
Depreciation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · ·
At 1 August 2020	9,529	11,847	0	21,376
Charge for the year	579	1,549	0	2,128
Disposals	0	(258)	0	(258)
At 31 July 2021	10,108	13,138	0	23,246
Carrying amount				
At 31 July 2021	22,683	11,731	101	34,515
At 31 July 2020	23,006		460	34,326
		.0,000		- 1,020

Year Ended 31 July 2021

9 Tangible Assets (cont)

At 31 July 2021 freehold land and buildings included £3,884k (2020 £3,884k) in respect of freehold land and is not depreciated. A full valuation of the University's land and buildings was carried out on 27 April 2015 by Vickery Holman who are an independent valuation firm. This valuation was carried out in accordance with RICS Appraisal and Valuation Standards issued by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. The valuation has been taken as deemed cost as at 1st August 2014, this is permitted under FRS102 as a transition exemption and a policy of revaluation does not need to be adopted going forward

10 Non-Current Investments

	Year ended	31 July 2021	Year ended 31 July 2020		
	Consolidated	Consolidated Institution		Institution	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Investment in subsidiaries	0	0	0	0	
Other investments (a)	1,727	1,727	1,363	1,363	
	1,727	1,727	1,363	1,363	

The University holds 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each, which represents 100% of the share capital of Marjon (South West) Limited, a company incorporated in England. The principal activity of Marjon (South West) Limited in 2013-14 was the provision of catering services. In 2014-15 these activities were carried through the University. Since then Marjon (South West) Limited has been dormant. Marjon (South West) Limited has net liabilities of £88k (2020 £88k) and the results have been consolidated into these financial statements.

(a) Other investments

	Year ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 3	1 July 2020
	Consolidated Institution		Consolidated	Institution
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 August 2020	1,363	1,363	3,898	3,898
Additions	324	324	481	481
Disposals	(251)	(251)	(2,493)	(2,493)
Fair Value adjustments	291	291	(523)	(523)
At 31 July 2021	1,727	1,727	1,363	1,363

The historic cost of the quoted investments was £1,185k (2020 £1,045k).

11 Stock

	Year ended	Year ended 31 July 2021		31 July 2020
	Consolidated	Institution	Consolidated	Institution
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
General consumables	9	9	5	5
	9	9	5	5

Year Ended 31 July 2021

12 Trade and other receivables

	Year ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 31	July 2020
	Consolidated	Institution	Consolidated	Institution
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Other trade receivables Amounts due from subsidiary	1,967	1,967	1,414	1,414
companies	0	88	0	88
Other receivables	143	143	54	54
Prepayments and accrued income	1,269	1,269	828	828
	3,378	3,467	2,296	2,384

13 Creditors : amounts falling due within one year

	Year ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 31	July 2020
	Consolidated	Institution	Consolidated	Institution
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Secured loans	514	514	577	577
Trade payables Social security and other taxation	393	393	349	349
payable	468	468	553	553
Other creditors	345	345	216	216
Accruals and deferred income	1,670	1,670	1,606	1,606
	3,390	3,390	3,301	3,301

14 Deferred income

Included with accruals and deferred income are the following items of income which have been deferred until specific performance related conditions have been met.

	Year ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 31	l July 2020
	Consolidated Institution £'000 £'000		Consolidated	Institution
			£'000	£'000
Research grants received on account	39	39	107	107
Other income	198	198	170	170
	237	237	277	277

Year Ended 31 July 2021

15 Creditors : amounts falling due after more than one year

	Deferred income Secured loans	Year ended 31 Consolidated £'000 150 8,143 8,293	July 2021 Institution £'000 150 8,143 8,293	Year ended 31 Consolidated £'000 164 8,645 8,809	July 2020 Institution £'000 164 8,645 8,809
16	Loans				
	Analysis of secured and unsecured loans:				
	Due within one year or on demand	514	514	577	577
	Due between one and two years	520	520	501	501
	Due between two and five years	1,521	1,521	1,554	1,554
	Due in five years or more	6,102	6,102	6,590	6,590
	Due after more than one year	8,143	8,143	8,645	8,645
	Total secured and unsecured loans	8,657	8,657	9,222	9,222
	Investors loan repayable by 2023 Secured loan repayable by 2021	339 0	339 0	426 96	426 96
	Secured loans repayable by 2036	8,318	8,318	8,700	8,700
		8,657	8,657	9,222	9,222
	Loan / Lender	Amount £'000	Term	Interest rate %	Borrower
	Investors loan / Marjon Tenancies 1 Ltd	7,520	2023	/o *10.3	Institution
	Capital development loan / Barclays	3,950	2023	5.50	Institution
	Estates development loan / Barclays	11,500	2021	6.65	Institution
	Total	22,970	2000	*effective rate	monon

The estate development and capital development bank loan is secured on the Peninsula Allied Health Centre (PAHC). The investors' loan is secured on 36 rooms within University accommodation buildings.

The capital development loan carries interest at 5.5% and is repayable over 15 years commencing November 2005. The repayment and interest costs associated with this loan are completely covered by rental income received from Plymouth University for use of the premises built with the capital development loan. This loan was cleared during the year ended 31 July 2021.

The investors' loan carries interest at an effective rate of 10.3% per annum and is repayable over 25 years commencing in December 1998. The loan is also secured on a bank deposit account holding £235k (2020 £264k) included in cash at bank and in hand. The bank deposit account is a fund for the repayment of the BES loan (see note 17) which is the nature of the security. The University cannot access these funds without the consent of Magarch Ltd.

The Barclays estate development loan carries interest at a rate of 6.65% and is repayable over 25 years commencing in 2011. The Barclays loan finance is secured on the legal mortgage over the freehold property known as the Peninsula Allied Health Centre.

Year Ended 31 July 2021

17 Business Expansion Scheme

In 1994 the University raised finance from Marjon Tenancies 1 Limited ("Tenancies"), a company formed under the Business Expansion Scheme, by the sale of leasehold interests in 36 of its student accommodation rooms (in houses in the campus area known as "the village"). Tenancies in turn have let the rooms under assured tenancies and the income generated will be set aside to provide return to its investors. The University is committed to the purchase of the shareholdings of investors in Tenancies at predetermined amounts starting in December 1998 and annually thereafter for a further 25 years. Penalty provisions apply in the event of default by the University, but in the opinion of the Board of Governors the possibility of these being invoked is remote.

The University is now the majority shareholder of Marjon Tenancies 1 Limited however the results of this entity have not been included in these consolidated financial statements. This is because the University considers that the substance of the relationship is to raise finance for the construction of student accommodation, therefore the University make repayments each year to repurchase the shares in Tenancies. These payments are treated as the repayment of the loan balance.

The net proceeds raised by the issue of shares in Tenancies has been treated in these financial statements as an investor's loan.

18 Provision for Liabilities

Consolidated	Obligation to	Defined Benefit	Total
	fund deficit on	Obligations	Pensions
	USS Pension	(Note 21)	Provisions
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 August 2020	(53)	(17,799)	(17,852)
Additions in 2020/21	<u> </u>	403	403
At 31 July 2021		(17,396)	(17,449)
Institution	Obligation to	Pension	Total
	fund deficit on	scheme	Pensions
	USS Pension	provision	Provisions

institution	fund deficit on USS Pension	scheme provision under FRS102	Pensions Provisions
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 August 2020	(53)	(17,799)	(17,852)
Additions in 2020/21	0	403	403
At 31 July 2021	(53)	(17,396)	(17,449)

19 Consolidated reconciliation of net debt

	Year Ended 31 July 2021 £'000	Year Ended 31 July 2020 £'000
Net debt 1 August 2020 Movement in cash and cash equivalents Other non cash changes Net debt 31 July 2021 Change in net debt	150 400 (1,377) (827) (977)	2,706 1,754 (4,310) 150 2,556
Analysis of debt	Year Ended 31 July 2021 £'000	Year Ended 31 July 2020 £'000
Cash and cash equivalents Borrowings: amounts falling due in one year	9,471	9,071
Secured loans	501	577
Borrowings: amounts falling due after one year	8,143	8,644
Net debt	(827)	150

20 Lease obligations

Total rentals payable under operating leases:

	Year	ended 31 July 2	2021		
Consolidated and Institution	Land and Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Other leases	Total	31 July 2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Payable during the year	48	0	33	81	97
Future minimum lease payments due:					
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5	48	0	4	52	76
years	82	0	17	99	130
Later than 5 years	0	0	0	0	0
Total lease payments due	130	0	21	151	206

Year Ended 31 July 2021

21 Pensions

Different categories of staff were eligible to join one of four different schemes:

- Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS)
- Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) administered by London Pensions Fund
- Teachers Pension Scheme (TPS)
- Church of England Funded Pension Scheme (CoEFPS)

The total charge to the consolidated income and expenditure account (excluding finance expense) is noted below:

	2020-21	2019-20
	£'000	£'000
Contributions paid to:		
USS	28	24
LGPS	878	783
TPS	969	979
CoE	7	10
Total contributions	1,882	1,796
Pension FRS102 Charge	1,747	1,210
Total Pension Costs for the year within staff costs	3,629	3,006

(i) The Universities Superannuation Scheme

The total cost charged to the profit and loss account is £28k

The latest available complete Actuarial Valuation of the Retirement Income Builder is at 31 March 2020 (the valuation date). The main purpose of this report, required by the Pensions Act 2004, is to set out the results of and outcomes from the valuation. Scheme members will receive a Summary Funding Statement relating to the valuation in due course.

The Trustee is responsible for the choice of assumptions for the valuation and for then setting an appropriate level of future contributions (having taken actuarial advice from me), in consultation with Universities UK ("UUK"), the body nominated for these purposes under the Scheme rules to act as the representative of the employers who sponsor the Scheme. The Joint Negotiating Committee ("JNC") is responsible for deciding how any change to the required overall contribution rate will be addressed, whether by way of change to member and employer contributions, changes to the benefit structure, or both.

The JNC has recommended changes to future service benefits to apply from April 2022, which in due course will be the subject of consultation with members. In parallel, UUK has confirmed that the employers will provide an enhanced level of covenant support to the Scheme (including a 20-year moratorium on employer exits, which would be replaced by an interim moratorium lasting a single valuation cycle in the event that the JNC recommendation is revoked by resolution of the JNC and not replaced by a further JNC recommendation by 28 February 2022). The Trustee has determined that different assumptions should apply dependent on whether or not a deed has been entered into effecting the recommendation of the JNC on or before 28 February 2022

Notes to the Accounts Year Ended 31 July 2021 21 Pensions (cont)

Summary of agreed contributions From 1 October 2021 From 1 April 2022 in the event that the JNC recommendation is not implemented

Employer contributions

21.4% of Salary 23.7% of Salary increasing thereafter every 6 months up to 38.2% of Salary from 1 October 2025

Member contributions

9.8% of Salary 11.0% of Salary increasing thereafter every 6 months up to 18.8% of Salary from 1 October 2025

Further details about the current position in relation to the USS pension scheme can be found in the *Actuarial Valuation Report at 31 March 2020* **Universities Superannuation Scheme 30 September 2021**

(ii) The Local Government Pension Scheme (administered by the London Pensions Fund)

LGPS is valued every three years by professionally qualified independent actuaries using the projected unit method, the rates of contribution payable being determined by the trustee on the advice of the actuaries. In the intervening years, the LGPS actuary reviews the progress of the LGPS scheme.

For LGPS, the actuary has indicated in the 2019 valuation that the resources of the scheme are likely, in the normal course of events, to meet the liabilities as they fall due at the level specified by the LGPS Regulations. The employer's contribution rate was set, following the 2019 actuarial variation at 16.5% from April 2020 and remains in place until April 2022. The next actuarial valuation is due in 2023 and will set the contributions from April 2023 to March 2026. Contributions are generally set to a target of achieve a 100% funding level.

Under the definitions set out in FRS102, the LGPS is a multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme. In the case of the LGPS, the actuary of the scheme has identified the University's share of its assets and liabilities as at 31 July 2021.

The pension scheme assets are held in a separate Trustee-administered fund to meet long-term pension liabilities to past and present employees. The trustees of the fund are required to act in the best interests of the fund's beneficiaries. The appointment of trustees to the fund is determined by the scheme's trust documentation. The trustees are responsible for setting the investment strategy for the scheme after consultation with professional advisers.

Assumptions

The financial assumptions used to calculate scheme liabilities under FRS102 are

	2021	2020
	%pa	%pa
Discount Rate	1.60%	1.35%
Pension increases	2.80%	2.25%
Salary increases	3.80%	3.25%
Inflation assumptions	2.40%	2.40%

Notes to the Accounts Year Ended 31 July 2020 21 Pensions (cont)

The most significant non-financial assumption is the assumed level of longevity. The table below shows the life expectancy assumptions used in the accounting assessments based on the life expectancy of male and female members at age 65.

	2021 Years	2020 Years
Current Pensioners		
Males	21.3	20.3
Females	24.2	23.9
Future Pensioners		
Males	21.6	21.7
Females	25.6	25.4
Scheme assets and expected rate of return for LGPS The assets in the scheme, measured at fair value, were:		
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Equities	17,304	14,055
Target Return Portfolio	6,660	6,198
Infrastructure	2,703	1,801
Property	2,572	2,412
Cash	1,596	1,768
Total	30,835	26,234
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Estimated assets share for the University	30,835	26,234
Present value of scheme liabilities	(48,224)	(44,024)
Present value of unfunded liabilities	(7)	(9)
Net pension liability	(17,396)	(17,799)

Year Ended 31 July 2021

21 Pensions (cont)

An analysis of the defined profit and loss cost attributes to the University for the year 31 July 2021 is as follows :

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Current Service cost	2,625	1,993
Administrative expenses	34	32
Net interest on the defined liability	236	232
Total	2,895	2,257
Analysis of amounts that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) of the University:		
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of		
scheme liabilities	(2,737)	(5,161)
Return on assets less interest	3,737	334
Experience gain/(loss) on defined benefit obligation	874	(725)
Other actuarial gain/(loss)	0	243
Change in demographic assumption	546	343
Actuarial gain / (loss)	2,420	(4,966)
Movement in the deficit attributable to the University durin	g the year	
Reconciliation of the defined benefit obligation	2021	2020
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£'000	£'000
Opening defined benefit obligation	44,033	36,019
Service cost	2,452	1,895
Interest cost	594	755
Actuarial losses	2,737	5,161
Estimated benefits paid net of transfers in Contributions to the scheme participants and other	(641)	(565)
employees	304	289
Unfunded pension payments	(1)	(1)
Change in demographic assumption	(546)	(343)
Past service costs, including curtailments		
ast service costs, moldaling cartaintents	173	98
Experience (gain)/loss on defined benefit obligation	173 (874)	98 725

Year Ended 31 July 2021

21 Pensions (cont)		
Reconciliation of the fair values of the scheme assets	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Opening fair value of scheme assets	26,234	24,660
Interest on assets	358	523
Return on assets less interest	3,737	334
Administrative expenses	(34)	(32)
Contributions by the employer including unfunded	878	783
Contributions to the scheme participants and other		
employees	304	289
Estimated benefits paid plus unfunded net to transfer in	(642)	(566)
Other actuarial gain/(loss)	0	243
Closing fair values of fund assets	30,835	26,234
Reconciliation of opening and closing surplus	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
		2000
Deficit in the scheme at the beginning of the year	(17,799)	(11,359)
Movement in the year:		
Current service cost	(2,625)	(1,993)
Employers contributions	878	783
Other financial losses	(236)	(232)
Administrative expenses	(34)	(32)
Actuarial gains / (loss)	2,420	(4,966)
Deficit in the scheme at the end of the year	(17,396)	(17,799)

(iii) Teachers Pension Scheme

Teachers Pension contributions to the Scheme are set at rates determined by the Secretary of State for Education, taking advice from the Scheme's actuary. Employers and members contribute on a "pay as you go" basis with contributions received used to offset payments to current pensioners with the balance of funding provided by Parliament. The Scheme's administrative expenses are borne by Scheme employers, payable as a percentage of pensionable earnings. It is envisaged that this charge will be reviewed alongside scheme valuations, to ensure that the income raised is equal to the cost.

The Scheme is governed by statutory regulations (currently statutory instruments), these being: *The Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2010* (as amended) and *The Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014* (as amended).

The Scheme is managed by the Department for Education (Department) and administered under contract by Capita Business Services Ltd (Capita).

As a result of the latest scheme valuation as at 31 March 2016 employer contributions were increased in September 2019 from a rate of 16.4% to 23.6%. The next valuation, based on data as at 31 March 2020, is underway and any changes to contributions will take effect in April 2024. Employers also pay a charge equivalent to 0.08% of pensionable salary costs to cover administration expenses.

Year Ended 31 July 2021

21 Pensions (cont)

The actuarial valuation of the TPS pertaining to the financial periods including September 2019 to March 2023 was carried out as at 31 March 2016 and in accordance with *The Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014* (the Directions). The valuation determines the rate of employer contributions payable and the initial employer cost cap (both of which are set out in the TPS regulations). The Directions also require results relating to scheme liabilities, notional assets and contribution rates to be reported.

The key results of the valuation were:

employer contribution rates were set at 23.6% of pensionable pay, in line with current regulations, plus an additional 0.08% of pensionable pay for the cost of scheme administration

at 31 March 2016, total Scheme liabilities for service of £218.1 billion, and notional assets of £196.1 billion, giving a notional past service deficit of £22.0 billion. The funding valuation (noted above) uses a different set of assumptions than those used to inform the valuation used in this ARA, which uses *International Accounting Standard IAS 19 Employee Benefits* (IAS 19) as its basis. Therefore, the Scheme financial position is reported as two different values between the valuation and the ARA

for the purpose of financial reporting actuarial assessments are undertaken in the intervening years between formal valuations. The scheme will next be subject to actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2020 in accordance with the updated version of the Directions, the results of which are expected to take effect from September 2023. The valuation will determine a revised employer contribution rate payable from this date which is likely to impact on the level of receipts outlined in this forecast for financial years 2023-24 onwards.

Further information is also available in the Teachers' Pension Scheme(England and Wales), Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2021.

(iv) The Church of England Funded Pension Scheme (CEFPS)

The University of St Mark and St John participates in the Church of England Funded Pensions Scheme for stipendiary clergy, a defined benefit pension scheme. This scheme is administered by the Church of England Pensions Board, which holds the assets of the schemes separately from those of the Responsible Bodies.

Each participating Responsible Body in the scheme pays contributions at a common contribution rate applied to pensionable stipends.

The scheme is considered to be a multi-employer scheme as described in Section 28 of FRS 102. This means it is not possible to attribute the Scheme's assets and liabilities to each specific Responsible Body, and this means contributions are accounted for as if the Scheme were a defined contribution

A valuation of the Scheme is carried out once every three years. The most recent Scheme valuation completed was carried out at as 31 December 2018. The 2018 valuation revealed a deficit of £50m, based on assets of £1,818m and a funding target of £1,868m, assessed using the following assumption

An average discount rate of 3.2% p.a.; RPI inflation of 3.4% p.a. (and pension increases consistent with this); Increase in pensionable stipends of 3.4% p.a.;

Notes to the Accounts Year Ended 31 July 2021

21 Pensions (cont)

Mortality in accordance with 95% of the S3NA_VL tables, with allowance for improvements in mortality rates in line with the CMI2018 extended model with a long term annual rate of improvement of 1.5%, a smoothing parameter" of 7 and an initial addition to mortality improvements of 0.5% pa.

Following the 31 December 2018 valuation, a recovery plan was put in place until 31 December 2022 and the deficit recovery contributions (as a percentage of pensionable stipends) are as set out in the table below.

% of pensionable stipends	January 2018 to	January 2021 to
	December 2020	December 2022
Deficit repair contributions	11.9%	7.1%

As at 31 December 2018 the deficit recovery contributions under the recovery plan in force at that time were 11.9% of pensionable stipends until December 2025

The legal structure of the scheme is such that if another Responsible Body fails, The University of St Mark and St John could become responsible for paying a share of that Responsible Body's pension liabilities

22 Related Party Transactions

During the year the group entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. Transactions entered into and balances outstanding at 31 July 2021, are as follows:

	Income from related party £'000	Expenditure to related party £'000	Balance due from related party £'000	Balance due to related party £'000
Marjon Student Union	0	143	0	0
	0	143	0	0
2019/20	0	130	0	0

23 Governors

No Governor has received any remuneration/waived payments from the group during the year (2020 none)

The total expenses paid to or on behalf of 20 Governors was £0.4k (2020 £2k to 24 Governors). This represents travel and subsistence expenses incurred in attending The Board meetings, sub-Committee meetings, University and Charity events in their official capacity.





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Humanity

We are student-centred, making a difference to individuals and society.

We create human connections and community.



Ambition

We achieve more by working together and sharing our achievements.

We empower people to be the best they can be.



Curiosity

We push boundaries and enjoy searching for a better way.

We encourage potential and possibility.



Independence

We nurture self-belief, independence and wellbeing.

We encourage diverse views and independent thought.

Plymouth Marjon University is a trading name of the University of St Mark & St John